

- (6) Organization of municipal and other services for the maintenance and repair of *water and sewage* systems.
- (7) Organization of municipal and other *fire-fighting services*, and control over and direction of these services in wartime except in damaged or heavy fallout areas, where fire-fighting services would be under the direction of the Army as part of the re-entry operation.
- (8) Maintenance and repair of *electrical utilities*, and the allocation of the use of electricity to meet emergency requirements.
- (9) *Training of civilians* as civil defence workers.

In outline, the federal civil emergency planning organization consists of: a Cabinet Committee on Emergency Plans to give policy guidance in all areas of civilian emergency planning for war; the Emergency Measures Organization with a headquarters staff at Ottawa and a regional office in each province; and departmental planning staffs. EMO Regional Officers have been appointed in all ten provinces. Their function is to co-ordinate the emergency planning of federal departments and agencies in the provinces and maintain effective liaison with the provincial governments, the provincial civil defence organization and the appropriate military authorities. The Federal Government pays up to 75 p.c. of the costs of approved provincial and municipal projects.

A booklet entitled *Your Basement Fallout Shelter* was issued by EMO in June 1960, giving instructions for the building of a "do-it-yourself" fallout shelter. In April 1961, the Department of Agriculture, at the request of EMO, published the booklet *Fallout on the Farm*, which describes the possible effects of radioactive fallout on agriculture and recommends protective measures. A third booklet *11 Steps to Survival*, issued in May 1961, outlines in general terms what Canadians can and should do to protect themselves against the potential dangers of nuclear war. Copies may be obtained from Provincial Civil Defence or Emergency Measures Co-ordinators in the provincial capitals.

The Government in 1960 formed the elements of a War Supplies Agency. This Agency, under the Department of Defence Production, will, in time of war, control the distribution and use of essential supplies, their prices and their rationing as required. Emergency facilities for the Federal Government outside Ottawa have been established and action is under way to provide regional facilities in each of the provinces. A peacetime planning nucleus of a wartime agency to control and administer national telecommunications systems is being established within the Department of Transport, to be known as the Emergency National Telecommunications Organization (ENTO).

A Federal-Provincial Conference on Civil Defence Arrangements was held at Ottawa in October 1959; the provinces, with one exception, were represented by provincial Cabinet Ministers and three Federal Cabinet Ministers attended. This was a continuation of a previous conference held in April 1959. Matters reviewed and discussed included evacuation and shelter policy, the role of the Army in civil defence, the Financial Assistance Programme, public information, training of civilians, and emergency communications. Civil emergency planning development and problems within NATO, the United States and the United Kingdom are under continual discussion and study.

A national exercise, under the name of *Exercise TOCSIN 1961*, was undertaken in May, the purpose of which was to test the emergency measures being developed by the federal and provincial governments and the municipalities. More than 1,100 municipalities took part. The exercise emphasized the measures necessary for national survival and continuity of government, and post attack problems that might arise for the federal and provincial governments.